



NATIONAL CONFERENCE OF STATE LEGISLATURES

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State Limits on Contributions to Candidates
2023-2024 Election Cycle
 Updated May 2023

	Individual Candidate Contributions	State Party Candidate Contributions	PAC Candidate Contributions	Corporate Candidate Contributions	Union Candidate Contributions
Alabama Ala. Code § 17-5-1 et seq.	Unlimited	Unlimited	Unlimited	Unlimited	Unlimited
Alaska Alaska Stat. §§ 15.13.070, 15.13.072(e), and 15.13.074(f)	Unlimited	\$100,000/year/governor candidate \$15,000/year/senate candidate \$10,000/year/house candidate \$5,000 municipal \$5,000 to judge seeking retention	\$1,000/office/year Contributions from out-of-state PACs prohibited	Prohibited ^d	Prohibited ^d
Arizona ^{b, e} Ariz. Rev. Stat. §§ 16-912, 16-914, 16-915, 16-916, and 16-931	\$5,400/statewide candidate \$5,400/legislative candidate \$6,650/local candidate <i>Amounts per election</i>	\$10,400/nominee for city, town, county, district office \$8,400/nominee for legislative office \$80,400/nominee for statewide office	“Mega” PACs ¹ : 10,700/statewide candidate Regular PACs: Same as individual limits <i>Amounts are per election^a</i>	Prohibited ^d	Prohibited ^d
Arkansas ^{e2} Ark. Code Ann. §§ 7-6-201, 7-6-203	\$2,900/candidate/election ^a	\$2,900/election ^a	\$2,900/election ^a	Prohibited ^d	Prohibited ^d

¹ In Arizona, a PAC that has received contributions from 500 or more individuals in amounts of \$10 or more in a four-year period may qualify as a “Mega PAC.” Qualification is valid for four years. (Ariz. Rev. Stat. §16-908(C)).

² It is illegal for a candidate for office to accept contributions from any entity or person more than two years before the primary or general election in which the candidate is running. (A.C.A. § 7-6-203(e)).

	Individual Candidate Contributions	State Party Candidate Contributions	PAC Candidate Contributions	Corporate Candidate Contributions	Union Candidate Contributions
California^e Cal. Gov't. Code § 85300 et seq.	\$36,400/governor candidate \$9,100/other statewide candidate \$5,500/legislative candidate \$5,500/City and County Candidates <i>Amounts are per election^a</i>	\$5,500/City and County Candidates Otherwise Unlimited	"Small Contributor" Committees ³ : \$36,400/Governor candidate \$18,200/statewide candidate \$10,900/legislative candidate \$5,500/ County Candidates Regular PACs: Same as individual limits <i>Amounts are per election^a</i>	Same as individual limits	Same as individual limits
Colorado^e Colo. Const. Art. XXVIII; § 8 Colo. Code Regs. § 1505-6	\$625/statewide candidate \$200/legislative candidate Limits double for a candidate who accepts voluntary spending limits if his/her opponent has not accepted the limits <i>and</i> has raised more than 10% of the limit. <i>Amounts per election^a</i>	\$679,025/Governor candidate \$135,775/other statewide cand \$24,425/senate candidate \$17,625/house candidate Note: Contributions by a candidate to his/her own campaign, and unexpended contributions carried forward to a subsequent election cycle, are treated as contributions from a political party and are subject to the political party limits. Party limits cannot be doubled for candidates who accept voluntary limits. <i>Amounts are per applicable election cycle.</i>	"Small Donor" Committees: ⁴ \$6,750/Governor & statewide cand \$2,675/legis. candidate Regular PACs and Federal PACs: Same as individual limits	Prohibited ⁵	Prohibited ⁶

³ In California, a "small contributor committee" is a committee which has been in existence for at least six months, receives contributions from 100 or more persons in amounts of not more than \$200 per person, and makes contributions to five or more candidates. (Cal. Govt. Code §85203).

⁴ In Colorado, a "small donor committee" means any political committee that has accepted contributions only from humans (i.e. not corporations, unions, or other artificial entities) who each contributed no more than \$50 in the aggregate per year. (Colo. Const. art. XVIII, § 2, Cl. 14(a)).

⁵ Corporations/unions are prohibited from donating money from their treasury, but are permitted to establish independent expenditure committees or political committees with the same contribution limits as PACs. [Note: In *Ritter v. FEC*, 227 P.3d 892 (Colo. 2010), the Colorado Supreme Court declared various provisions within §3, subsection 4 of Art. XXVII unconstitutional in light of *Citizens United v. FEC*, 558 U.S. 310 (2010).]

	Individual Candidate Contributions	State Party Candidate Contributions	PAC Candidate Contributions	Corporate Candidate Contributions	Union Candidate Contributions
Connecticut ^{b6} Conn. Gen. Stat. §§ 9-601(9), 9-611, 9-613, 9-615, and 9-617	\$3,500/Governor candidate \$2,000/other statewide candidate \$1,000/senate candidate, probate judge, or CEO of any town, city, or borough \$250/house candidate <i>All amounts are per election^a</i>	\$50,000/Governor candidate \$35,000/other statewide cand \$10,000/senate candidate, probate judge, or CEO of any town, city, or borough \$5,000/house candidate \$5,000/other office <i>All amounts are per election^a</i>	\$5,000/Governor candidate \$3,000/other statewide candidate \$1,500/senate candidate, probate judge, or CEO of any town, city, or borough \$750/house candidate \$375/other office Aggregate limits on contributions to candidates by type of PAC: Union: \$50,000/all candidates Corporation: \$100,000/all candidates <i>All amounts are per election^a</i>	Prohibited ^d	Prohibited ^d
Delaware Del. Code Ann. tit. 15, §§ 8001, 8010 and 8012	\$1,200/statewide candidate \$600/other candidate <i>All amounts per election cycle</i>	\$75,000/Governor candidate \$25,000/other statewide cand \$5,000/senate candidate \$3,000/house candidate <i>All amounts per election cycle</i>	Same as individual limits	Same as individual limits	Same as individual limits
Florida Fla. Stat. §§ 106.011 and 106.08	\$3,000/statewide or Supreme Court Candidate Candidates for the offices of governor and lieutenant governor on the same ticket are considered a single candidate \$1,000/legislative or other judicial candidate <i>Amounts are per election^a</i>	A candidate for statewide office may not accept contributions from parties which in the aggregate exceed \$250,000. A legislative candidate can accept up to \$50,000 each from the national or state executive committee of a party, or up to \$50,000 from the county executive committee of a party.	Same as individual limits	Same as individual limits	Same as individual limits

⁶ Legal minors (under 18) cannot contribute more than \$30 to any candidate, party, or committee during an election cycle. (Conn. .Gen.Stat. § 9-611(e)).

	Individual Candidate Contributions	State Party Candidate Contributions	PAC Candidate Contributions	Corporate Candidate Contributions	Union Candidate Contributions
Georgia ^e Ga. Code Ann. § 21-5-41	Statewide Candidate ⁷ : \$8,400/primary or general election \$4,800/primary or general runoff Legislative Candidate: \$3,300/primary or general election \$1,800/primary or general runoff <i>Amounts are per election^a</i>	Same as individual limits	Same as individual limits	Same as individual limits	Same as individual limits
Hawaii ⁸ Haw. Rev. Stat. §§ 11-357; 11-359; 11-361 and 11-371	\$6,000/statewide candidate \$4,000/senate candidate \$2,000/house candidate Contributions from a candidate's immediate family are limited to \$50,000 in an election cycle, including loans. <i>All amounts are per election cycle</i>	Same as individual limits	Same as individual limits	Same as individual limits	Same as individual limits
Idaho Idaho Code § 67-6610A	\$5,000/statewide candidate \$1,000/leg candidate <i>Amounts are per election^a</i>	\$10,000/statewide candidate \$2,000/legislative candidate <i>Amounts are per election^a</i>	Same as individual limits	Same as individual limits	Same as individual limits

⁷ Georgia Government Transparency & Campaign Finance Commission [voted](#) on September 30, 2021 to increase contribution limits to statewide and legislative candidates.

⁸ Contributions from non-Hawaiian residents may not make up more than 30% of the total contributions of a candidate for office. (H.R.S. § 11-362).

	Individual Candidate Contributions	State Party Candidate Contributions	PAC Candidate Contributions	Corporate Candidate Contributions	Union Candidate Contributions
Illinois^e 10 Ill. Comp. Stat. 5/9-8.5	<p>\$6,900/candidate/election cycle</p> <p>When one candidate receives benefit or detriment from independent expenditures in excess of the amounts below, all candidates for that office are exempted from all contribution limits: \$250,000/statewide candidate \$100,000/candidate for any other office</p> <p>Any candidate whose opponent is self-funded is exempted from contribution limits. A self-funded candidate is an individual who contributes \$250,000 to his/her own statewide campaign in an election cycle, or \$100,000 for all other elective offices. Contributions made to a candidate by immediate family members are also considered "self-funding."</p>	<p>Unlimited if candidate is not seeking nomination in a primary election.</p> <p>For candidates running in a primary: \$274,200/statewide candidate \$171,500/senate candidate \$102,900/house candidate \$68,500/all other candidates</p> <p><i>Amounts are per election cycle.</i></p>	<p>\$68,500 per election cycle</p> <p>Same limit applies to a contribution from one candidate committee to another</p>	<p>\$13,700 per election cycle</p>	<p>\$13,700 per election cycle</p>
Indiana Ind. Code §§ 3-9-2-3, 3-9-2-4, and 3-9-2-6	<p>Unlimited</p>	<p>Unlimited</p>	<p>Unlimited for most contributions.</p> <p>For contributions by a corporation or union to a PAC specifically designated for a particular candidate, same as corporate limits.</p>	<p>\$5,000 in the aggregate to statewide candidates \$2,000 in the aggregate to senate/house candidates \$2,000 in the aggregate to all other candidates</p> <p><i>All amounts are per year</i></p>	<p>Same as corporate limits</p>
Iowa Iowa Code § 68A.503	<p>Unlimited</p>	<p>Unlimited</p>	<p>Unlimited</p>	<p>Prohibited^d</p>	<p>Unlimited</p>

	Individual Candidate Contributions	State Party Candidate Contributions	PAC Candidate Contributions	Corporate Candidate Contributions	Union Candidate Contributions
Kansas Kan. Stat. Ann. §§ 25-4143 and 25-4153	\$2,000/statewide candidate \$1,000/senate candidate \$500/house candidate <i>Amounts are per election^a</i>	For a contested primary election, same as individual limits. Unlimited in uncontested primaries and general elections	Same as individual limits	Same as individual limits	Same as individual limits
Kentucky^e Ky. Const. § 150 ; Ky. Rev. Stat. Ann. §§ 121.025, 121.035	\$2,100/candidate <i>Amounts are per election^a</i>	Unlimited	Same as individual limits	Prohibited ^d	Prohibited ^d
Louisiana La. Stat. Ann. § 18:1505.2	\$5,000/candidate for major office ⁹ \$2,500/candidate for district office ¹⁰ \$1,000/candidate for other office <i>Amounts are per election^a</i>	Unlimited	Regular PACs: Same as individual limits “Big” PACs ¹¹ : Double the amount of individual limits	Same as individual limits	Same as individual limits
Maine^{b,e} Me. Stat. tit. 21-A, § 1015	\$1,950/Governor candidate \$475/legislative candidate ¹² <i>Individuals may not make an aggregate contribution of \$25,000/year to candidates</i> <i>Amounts are per election^a</i>	Same as individual limits	Same as individual limits	Prohibited	Prohibited

⁹ In Louisiana, “major office” includes, among others, statewide offices, S. Ct. and CoA judgeships, and any office with an election district containing a population of more than 250,000.

¹⁰ In Louisiana, “district office” includes, among others, members of the state legislature, offices elected parishwide or in a district with a population of more than 35,000 and less than 250,000, and district judgeships.

¹¹ In Louisiana, a “Big PAC” is a PAC with over 250 members who contributed over \$50 to the PAC during the preceding calendar year and has been certified as meeting that membership requirement. This is not expressly stated in statute.

¹² In Maine, candidates who are enrolled in a political party may accept contributions of up to \$400 from an individual per election.

	Individual Candidate Contributions	State Party Candidate Contributions	PAC Candidate Contributions	Corporate Candidate Contributions	Union Candidate Contributions
Maryland West's Md. Code Ann., Elec. Law §§ 13-226 and 13-227	\$6,000/candidate <i>Amounts are per 4-year election cycle</i>	Transfer limits: Same as individual limits In-Kind Contributions: Limited to an amount equal to \$1 for every two registered voters in the state, regardless of political affiliation, to a single candidate. Limit is per 4-year election cycle.	Same as individual limits	Same as individual limits	Same as individual limits
Massachusetts Mass. Gen. Laws. ch. 55, §§ 6, 6A, 7A and 8	\$1000/candidate Registered lobbyists may only contribute up to \$200/candidate <i>Amounts are per calendar year.</i>	\$3,000/candidate/year No limit on in-kind contributions	Regular PAC or People's Committee: ¹³ \$500/candidate Candidates cannot accept aggregate contributions from regular PACs that exceed the following amounts (People's Committees are exempt from the aggregate limits): \$150,000/governor candidate \$31,250/lieutenant governor candidate \$18,750/senate candidate \$7,500/house candidate <i>Amounts per calendar year.</i>	Prohibited ^d	Prohibited ^d

¹³ In Massachusetts, a "People's Committee" is a PAC that has been in existence for six months. After six months in existence, a PAC that has received contributions from individuals of \$181 or less per year and contributed to five or more candidates may request a change in its status to that of a people's committee. The maximum contribution from an individual to a people's committee is adjusted biennially by OCPF. The \$181 figure is in effect for 2020 and 2021.

	Individual Candidate Contributions	State Party Candidate Contributions	PAC Candidate Contributions	Corporate Candidate Contributions	Union Candidate Contributions
Michigan ^e Mich. Comp. Laws §§ 169.246, 169.252 and 169.254	\$8,325/statewide candidate \$2,450/senate candidate \$1,225/house candidate <i>All amounts are per election cycle</i>	\$750,000/Governor-lieutenant Governor slate with public funding \$166,500/Governor-lieutenant Governor without public funding & all other statewide cand. \$24,500/senate candidate \$12,250/house candidate <i>All amounts are per election cycle</i>	Political Committees: Same as individual limits. Independent PACs ¹⁴ : \$83,250/statewide candidate \$24,500/senate candidate \$12,250/house candidate <i>All amounts are per election cycle</i>	Prohibited ^d	Prohibited ^d

¹⁴ In Michigan, an “independent committee” must have filed a statement of organization at least 6 months before the election in which the committee wishes to make contributions; must have supported or opposed 3 or more candidates for nomination or election; and must have received contributions from at least 25 persons.

	Individual Candidate Contributions	State Party Candidate Contributions	PAC Candidate Contributions	Corporate Candidate Contributions	Union Candidate Contributions
Minnesota Minn. Stat. §§ 10A.27 and 211B.15	<p>Election segment limits:¹⁵ \$4,000/Governor-lieutenant Governor slate \$2,500/AG candidate \$2,000/SOS or auditor candidate \$1,000/legislative candidate</p> <p>Non-election segment limits [in effect for 2019-2020 cycle]: \$2,000/governor-lieutenant governor slate \$1,500/attorney general candidate \$1,000/secretary of state or auditor candidate \$1,000/senate candidate n/a for house candidates</p> <p>Candidates who have signed a public subsidy agreement are also subject to a limit (equal to five times the election segment limits above) on the amount of personal funds they can contribute to their own campaign. <i>Amounts are per two-year election segment.</i></p>	<p>Party committees may contribute up to 10 times the limits imposed on individuals</p> <p>Candidates are subject to the following aggregate limits on contributions received in the 2021-2022 election cycle from party committees and terminating principal campaign committees: \$40,000/Governor-lieutenant Governor slate \$25,000/AG candidate \$20,000/SOS or auditor candidate \$10,000/legislative candidate</p>	<p>Same as individual limits</p> <p>Aggregate contributions from political committees, political funds, lobbyists, and associations not registered with the State Board cannot exceed the following amounts: \$846,500/Governor-lieutenant Governor slate \$145,200/AG candidate \$96,800/SOS or auditor candidate \$21,800/senate candidate \$14,500/house candidate</p>	Prohibited ^d	Same as individual limits
Mississippi Miss. Code Ann. §§ 23-15-1021 and 97-13-15	Unlimited for statewide and legislative candidates \$5,000/supreme court or court of appellate judge candidates \$2,500/all other judicial candidates	Unlimited	Unlimited for statewide and legislative candidates \$5,000/supreme court or court of appellate judge candidates \$2,500/all other judicial candidates	\$1,000/candidate/year	Unlimited

¹⁵ Minnesota's SF 991 (2013) divided election cycles into two-year periods and made limits applicable to a two-year period rather than a single year. The limit is higher for the two-year period during which an election is held for the office, and lower during a non-election two-year period for candidates that serve a four- or six-year term.

	Individual Candidate Contributions	State Party Candidate Contributions	PAC Candidate Contributions	Corporate Candidate Contributions	Union Candidate Contributions
Missouri ^e Mo. Const. art. VIII § 23 ; Mo. Rev. Stat. § 130.029 and 130.031	\$2,825/statewide candidate \$2,400/senate candidate \$2,000/legislative candidate <i>Amounts are per election^a</i>	Same as individual limits	Same as individual limits	Prohibited Not taxed as corporations and can give if they are registered	Prohibited
Montana ^e Mont. Code Ann. §§ 13-35-227 and 13-37-216 - 13-37-219	\$1,000/Governor slate \$700/other statewide candidate \$400/senate or house candidate <i>Amounts are per election^a</i>	\$100,000/Governor slate \$75,000/other statewide candidate \$3,000/senate candidate \$2,000/house candidate <i>Amounts are per election^a</i>	\$1,000/Governor candidate \$700/other statewide office candidate \$400/senate or house candidate <i>Amounts are per election^a</i>	Prohibited ^d	Prohibited ^d
Nebraska Neb. Rev. Stat. Chapter 32, Art. 16 [repealed]	Unlimited	Unlimited	Unlimited	Unlimited	Unlimited
Nevada Nev. Const. art. 2 § 10 ; Nev. Rev. Stat. § 294A.100	\$5,000/candidate/election ^a	Same as individual limits	Same as individual limits	Same as individual limits	Same as individual limits
New Hampshire N.H. Rev. Stat. Ann. § 664:4	\$5,000/election ^a	\$5,000/election ^a	Same as party limits	Same as individual limits ¹⁶	Prohibited ^d
New Jersey ^e N.J. Stat. Ann. § 19:44A-11.3	\$4,900/Governor candidate \$2,600/other candidate <i>Amounts are per election cycle^a</i>	Nat'l Party: \$8,200/election ^a Unlimited contributions by state, county, municipal and legislative leadership party committees	\$8,200/candidate/election ^a	Same as individual limits	Same as individual limits
New Mexico ^e N.M. Stat. Ann. § 1-19-34.7	\$11,000/Governor candidate \$5,500/all other candidates <i>Amounts are per election^a</i>	Same as individual limits No limits on in-kind contributions	Same as individual limits	Same as individual limits	Same as individual limits

¹⁶ Corporations are no longer prohibited from making political contributions under New Hampshire law despite the language of NH RSA 664:4. That ban was declared unconstitutional by a federal district court in 1999. A June 6, 2000, letter from Deputy Attorney General Steven M. Houran indicates that the limits on individual contributions now apply to corporate contributions as well.

	Individual Candidate Contributions	State Party Candidate Contributions	PAC Candidate Contributions	Corporate Candidate Contributions	Union Candidate Contributions
New York^e N.Y. Elec. Law §§ 14-114 and 14-116	Regular Limits, Primary: \$9,000/statewide ¹⁷ \$5,000/senate candidate \$3,000/assembly candidate Family Limits, Primary ¹⁸ : \$1,187-\$154,731/statewide \$20,000-\$42,173.50/senate \$12,500-\$19,084.50/assembly Regular Limits, General: \$9,000/statewide candidate \$5,000/senate candidate \$3,000/assembly candidate Family Limits, General: \$309,077/statewide candidate \$32,988.25-\$61,462.50/senate cand \$13,049.25- \$27,100.75/assembly <i>Amounts are per election cycle.</i>	Prohibited in primary election Unlimited in general election	Same as individual limits	Same as individual limits, with exceptions (see below) Corporations are limited to \$5,000 per year in aggregate contributions to NY state candidates and committees. Candidates may accept corporate contributions of up to \$5,000 annually during each year of an election cycle, so long as the total contributions from the corporation do not exceed the election cycle’s regular limits on individual contributions, and the corporation does not exceed its aggregate limit of \$5,000/ year to all candidates and committees.	Same as individual limits
North Carolina^e N.C. Gen. Stat. §§ 163- 278.13, 163-278.15 and 163-278.19	\$6,400/candidate/election ^a	Unlimited	Same as individual limits	Prohibited ^d	Prohibited ^d
North Dakota N.D. Cent. Code §§ 16.1- 08.1-01; 16.1-08.1-03.3; 16.1-08.1-03.5(1) [All Repealed]	Unlimited Foreign contributions banned.	Unlimited	Unlimited	Prohibited ^d	Prohibited ^d

¹⁷ Limit is based on a formula: product of number of enrolled voters in candidate’s party in state (excluding voters on inactive status) x \$.005.

¹⁸ Separate limits apply for contributions from all family members in the aggregate. Limit is based on a formula: total # of enrolled voters on active status in candidate’s party in the state/district x \$.025. “Family” is defined as a child, parent, grandparent, brother, sister, and the spouses of those persons. Contributions from the candidate and the candidate’s spouse are not limited.

	Individual Candidate Contributions	State Party Candidate Contributions	PAC Candidate Contributions	Corporate Candidate Contributions	Union Candidate Contributions
Ohio^e Ohio Rev. Code Ann. §§ 3517.102, 3517.104 and 3599.03	\$15,499.69/candidate/election ^a	\$874,182.62/statewide candidate \$174,371.53/senate candidate \$86,798.27/house candidate In-kind contributions unlimited <i>All amounts are per election^a</i>	Same as individual limits	Prohibited ^d	Prohibited ^d
Oklahoma Okla. Stat. tit. 21, §§ 187.1 et seq. ; Ethics Commission Rules § 257:1-1-1 et seq. and § 257:10-1-2 et seq.	\$3,300/candidate/campaign <i>Amount is per election, if a candidate is unopposed number is per campaign</i>	\$25,000/Governor candidate \$10,000/other state office candidate <i>All amounts per calendar year</i>	Limited Committee: ¹⁹ \$5,000/candidate/campaign 1/25 Limited Committee: ²⁰ \$2,500/candidate/campaign	Prohibited ^d	Prohibited ^d
Oregon Or. Rev. Stat. §§ 260.160 - 260.174	Unlimited	Unlimited	Unlimited	Unlimited	Unlimited
Pennsylvania 25 Pa. Cons. Stat. § 3253	Unlimited	Unlimited	Unlimited	Prohibited ^d	Prohibited ^d
Rhode Island R.I. Gen. Laws § 17-25-10.1 and 17-25-12	\$1,000/candidate/ year	\$25,000/candidate/year In-kind contributions unlimited	\$1,000/candidate/ year Annual aggregate limit of \$25,000 to all recipients	Prohibited	Prohibited

¹⁹ In Oklahoma, a limited committee is a political action committee organized to make contributions to candidates.

²⁰ In Oklahoma, a 1/25 limited committee is a political action committee organized to make contributions to candidates that has been registered for less than 1 year before a primary OR has fewer than 25 contributors

²⁴ Ballot measure 107 passed in Oregon in 2020, allowing limits on campaign contributions. However, the legislature has not yet passed such legislation.

	Individual Candidate Contributions	State Party Candidate Contributions	PAC Candidate Contributions	Corporate Candidate Contributions	Union Candidate Contributions
South Carolina S.C. Code Ann. §§ 8-13-1300(10), 8-13-1314 and 8-13-1316	\$3,500/statewide candidate \$1,000/legislative candidate Amounts are per election ^a in each primary, runoff, or special election in which a candidate has opposition and for each general election; if a candidate remains unopposed during an election cycle, one contribution limit shall apply.	\$50,000/statewide candidate \$5,000/other candidate <i>Amounts are per election^a subject to the same exceptions described at left.</i>	Same as individual limits	Same as individual limits	Same as individual limits
South Dakota S.D. Codified Laws §§ 12-27-7 and 12-27-8	\$4,000/statewide candidate \$1,000/legislative candidate <i>Amounts are per calendar year</i>	Unlimited	Unlimited	Same as individual limits	Same as individual limits
Tennessee^e Tenn. Code Ann. §§ 2-10-102, 2-10-302, 2-10-306	\$4,900/statewide candidate \$1,800/legislative candidate <i>Both amounts are per election^a</i>	Candidates limited to aggregate amount from all political party committees: \$477,300/statewide candidate \$76,300/senate candidate \$38,300/house candidate <i>All amounts are per election^a</i>	\$14,400/statewide candidate \$28,800/senate candidate \$14,400/state representative \$9,400/other candidates No more than 50% of a statewide candidate's and of a legislative candidate's total contributions may come from PACs (or \$126,600/house candidate and \$253,200/senate candidate) <i>All amounts are per election^a</i>	Same as PAC limits If a corporation gives more than \$250 in the aggregate to candidates, it must register as a PAC and make all further contributions through the PAC. It may transfer unlimited amounts from its corporate treasury to the PAC.	Same as PAC limits A union must register as a PAC before making contributions to candidates.
Texas Tex. Elec. Code Ann. § 253.094	Unlimited	Unlimited	Unlimited	Prohibited ^d	Prohibited ^d
Utah Utah Code Ann. § 20A-11-101	Unlimited	Unlimited	Unlimited	Unlimited	Unlimited

	Individual Candidate Contributions	State Party Candidate Contributions	PAC Candidate Contributions	Corporate Candidate Contributions	Union Candidate Contributions
Vermont^{b, e} Vt. Stat. Ann. tit. 17, §§ 2901(7), 2905, 2941, 2943	\$4,480/statewide candidate \$1,680/State Senate \$1,120/State House <i>Amounts are per two-year election cycle.</i>	Unlimited	Same as individual limits	Same as individual limits	Same as individual limits
Virginia Va. Code Ann. § 24.2-945	Unlimited	Unlimited	Unlimited	Unlimited	Unlimited
Washington^e Wash. Rev. Code §§ 42.17A.250 and 42.17A.440 et seq; Wash. Admin. Code § 390-05-400	\$2,400/state exec. candidate \$1,200/legislative candidate <i>Amounts are per election^a</i> During the 21 days before the general election, no contributor may donate more than \$50,000 in the aggregate to a statewide candidate or \$5,000 in the aggregate to any other candidate or a political committee, including political party committees. This includes a candidate's personal contributions to his/her campaign. The state committees of political parties are exempted from this limit.	Aggregate contributions from a state party central committee to a statewide or legislative candidate may not exceed \$1.00 x number of registered voters in legislative district (if legislative candidate) or statewide (if state executive candidate). This limit applies to the entire election cycle. (Jan 1 of year following election-Dec. 31 of year of next election).	Same as individual limits A PAC that has not received contributions of \$10 or more from 10 or more Washington registered voters during the past 180 days is prohibited from making contributions.	Same as individual limits for Washington corporations Prohibited for corporations not doing business in Washington state.	Same as individual limits for Washington unions Prohibited for unions that have fewer than 10 members who reside in Washington.
West Virginia W. Va. Code §§ 3-8-5c, 3-8-8 – 3-8-12	\$2,800/candidate/election ^a	Same as individual limits	Same as individual limits	Prohibited ^d	Same as individual limits

	Individual Candidate Contributions	State Party Candidate Contributions	PAC Candidate Contributions	Corporate Candidate Contributions	Union Candidate Contributions
Wisconsin Wis. Stat. §§ 11.1101 et seq.	\$20,000/statewide candidate \$2,000/senate candidate \$1,000/assembly candidate <i>Amounts apply for term of office for an incumbent; for non-incumbents, the amounts apply beginning on the date on which the person becomes a candidate and ends on the day before the term of office begins.</i>	Unlimited	\$86,000/Governor candidate \$26,000/lieutenant gov. candidate \$44,000/atty. Gen. candidate \$18,000/other statewide candidate \$2,000/senate candidate \$1,000/assembly candidate	Prohibited ^d	Prohibited ^d
Wyoming Wyo. Stat. Ann. § 22-25-102	\$2,500/statewide candidate \$1,500/other candidate <i>Amounts are per election^a</i>	Unlimited	Unlimited for statewide office \$5,000/non-statewide office <i>Amounts are per election^a</i>	Prohibited ^d	Prohibited ^d