

**23-37,102. Definitions.** (UCCJEA 102). As used in K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 23-37,101 through 23-37,405:

- (1) "Abandoned" means left without provision for reasonable and necessary care or supervision.
- (2) "Act" means the uniform child-custody jurisdiction and enforcement act.
- (3) "Child" means an individual who has not attained 18 years of age.
- (4) "Child-custody determination" means a judgment, decree or other order of a court providing for the legal custody, physical custody or visitation with respect to a child. The term includes a permanent, temporary, initial and modification order. The term does not include an order relating to child support or other monetary obligation of an individual.
- (5) "Child-custody proceeding" means a proceeding in which legal custody, physical custody, or visitation with respect to a child is an issue. The term includes a proceeding for divorce, separation, neglect, abuse, dependency, guardianship, paternity, termination of parental rights, and protection from domestic violence, in which the issue may appear. The term does not include a proceeding involving juvenile delinquency, contractual emancipation, or enforcement under K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 23-37,301 through 23-37,317, and amendments thereto.
- (6) "Commencement" means the filing of the first pleading in a proceeding.
- (7) "Court" means an entity authorized under the law of a state to establish, enforce, or modify a child-custody determination.
- (8) "Home state" means the state in which a child lived with a parent or a person acting as a parent for at least six consecutive months immediately before the commencement of a child-custody proceeding. In the case of a child less than six months of age, the term means the state in which the child lived from birth with any of the persons mentioned. A period of temporary absence of any of the mentioned persons is part of the period.
- (9) "Initial determination" means the first child-custody determination concerning a particular child.
- (10) "Issuing court" means the court that makes a child-custody determination for which enforcement is sought under this act.
- (11) "Issuing state" means the state in which a child-custody determination is made.
- (12) "Modification" means a child-custody determination that changes, replaces, supersedes, or is otherwise made after a previous determination concerning the same child, whether or not it is made by the court that made the previous determination.
- (13) "Person" means an individual, corporation, business trust, estate, trust, partnership, limited liability company, association, joint venture, government; governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality; public corporation; or any other legal or commercial entity.
- (14) "Person acting as a parent" means a person, other than a parent, who:
  - (A) Has physical custody of the child or has had physical custody for [a] period of six consecutive months, including any temporary absence, within one year immediately before the commencement of a child-custody proceeding; and
  - (B) has been awarded legal custody by a court or claims a right to legal custody under the law of this state.
- (15) "Physical custody" means the physical care and supervision of a child.
- (16) "State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, or any territory or insular possession subject to the jurisdiction of the United States.
- (17) "Tribe" means an Indian tribe or band, or Alaskan Native village, which is recognized by federal law or formally acknowledged by a state.
- (18) "Warrant" means an order issued by a court authorizing law enforcement officers to take physical custody of a child.

**History:** L. 2000, ch. 171, § 32; July 1.