

65-5809. Refusal to issue, suspension, limitation, refusal to renew, condition or revocation of license; grounds. The board may refuse to issue, suspend, limit, refuse to renew, condition or revoke any license granted under the professional counselors licensure act for any of the following reasons:

(a) Use of drugs or alcohol, or both, to an extent that impairs the individual's ability to engage in the practice of professional counseling;

(b) the individual has been convicted of a felony and, after investigation, the board finds that the individual has not been sufficiently rehabilitated to merit the public trust;

(c) use of fraud, deception, misrepresentation or bribery in securing any license issued pursuant to the provisions of the professional counselors licensure act or in obtaining permission to take any examination given or required pursuant to the provisions of the professional counselors licensure act;

(d) obtaining or attempting to obtain any fee, charge, tuition or other compensation by fraud, deception or misrepresentation;

(e) incompetence, misconduct, fraud, misrepresentation or dishonesty in the performance of the functions or duties of a professional counselor or clinical professional counselor;

(f) violation of, or assisting or enabling any individual to violate, any provision of the professional counselors licensure act or any rule and regulation adopted under such act;

(g) impersonation of any individual holding a license or allowing any individual to use a license or diploma from any school of a person licensed under the professional counselors licensure act or a diploma from any school of an applicant for licensure under the professional counselors licensure act;

(h) revocation or suspension of a license or other authorization to practice counseling granted by another state, territory, federal agency or country upon grounds for which revocation or suspension is authorized by the professional counselors licensure act;

(i) the individual is mentally ill or physically disabled to an extent that impairs the individual's ability to engage in the practice of professional counseling;

(j) assisting or enabling any person to hold oneself out to the public or offer to hold oneself out to the public as a licensed professional counselor or a licensed clinical professional counselor who is not licensed under the provisions of the professional counselors licensure act;

(k) the issuance of the license was based upon a material mistake of fact;

(l) violation of any professional trust or confidence;

(m) use of any advertisement or solicitation which is false, misleading or deceptive to the general public or persons to whom the advertisement or solicitation is primarily directed;

(n) unprofessional conduct as defined by rules and regulations adopted by the board; or

(o) the licensee has had a registration, license or certificate as a professional counselor revoked, suspended or limited, or has had other disciplinary action taken, or an application for a registration, license or certificate denied, by the proper regulatory authority of another state, territory, District of Columbia, or other country, a certified copy of the record of the action of the other jurisdiction being conclusive evidence thereof.

History: L. 1987, ch. 315, § 9; L. 1988, ch. 263, § 2; L. 1996, ch. 153, § 9; L. 1999, ch. 117, § 8; L. 2004, ch. 16, § 1; July 1.