Session of 2018

SENATE BILL No. 383

By Committee on Judiciary

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AN ACT concerning crimes, punishment and criminal procedure; relating 1 2 to driving under the influence; sentencing; amending K.S.A. 2017 3 Supp. 8-1567 and repealing the existing section. 4 5 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas: Section 1. K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 8-1567 is hereby amended to read as 6 7 follows: 8-1567. (a) Driving under the influence is operating or attempting 8 to operate any vehicle within this state while: 9 (1) The alcohol concentration in the person's blood or breath as 10 shown by any competent evidence, including other competent evidence, as 11 defined in paragraph (1) of subsection (f) of K.S.A. 8-1013(f)(1), and 12 amendments thereto, is 0.08 or more; 13 (2) the alcohol concentration in the person's blood or breath, as measured within three hours of the time of operating or attempting to 14 15 operate a vehicle, is 0.08 or more; 16 (3) under the influence of alcohol to a degree that renders the person incapable of safely driving a vehicle; 17 18 (4) under the influence of any drug or combination of drugs to a 19 degree that renders the person incapable of safely driving a vehicle; or 20 (5) under the influence of a combination of alcohol and any drug or 21 drugs to a degree that renders the person incapable of safely driving a 22 vehicle. 23 (b) (1) Driving under the influence is: 24 (A) On a first conviction a class B, nonperson misdemeanor. The 25 person convicted shall be sentenced to not less than 48 consecutive hours 26 nor more than six months' imprisonment, or in the court's discretion 100 27 hours of public service, and fined not less than \$750 nor more than \$1,000. 28 The person convicted shall serve at least 48 consecutive hours' 29 imprisonment or 100 hours of public service either before or as a condition 30 of any grant of probation or suspension, reduction of sentence or parole. 31 The court may place the person convicted under a house arrest program pursuant to K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 21-6609, and amendments thereto, to serve 32 33 the remainder of the sentence only after such person has served 48 34 consecutive hours' imprisonment;

35 (B) on a second conviction a class A, nonperson misdemeanor. The 36 person convicted shall be sentenced to not less than 90 days nor more than

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1 one year's imprisonment and fined not less than \$1,250 nor more than 2 \$1,750. The person convicted shall serve at least five consecutive days' 3 imprisonment before the person is granted probation, suspension or 4 reduction of sentence or parole or is otherwise released. The five days' 5 imprisonment mandated by this subsection may be served in a work 6 release program only after such person has served 48 consecutive hours' 7 imprisonment, provided such work release program requires such person 8 to return to confinement at the end of each day in the work release 9 program. The person convicted, if placed into a work release program, 10 shall serve a minimum of 120 hours of confinement. Such 120 hours of confinement shall be a period of at least 48 consecutive hours of 11 12 imprisonment followed by confinement hours at the end of and continuing 13 to the beginning of the offender's work day. The court may place the 14 person convicted under a house arrest program pursuant to K.S.A. 2017 15 Supp. 21-6609, and amendments thereto, to serve the five days' 16 imprisonment mandated by this subsection only after such person has 17 served 48 consecutive hours' imprisonment. The person convicted, if 18 placed under house arrest, shall be monitored by an electronic monitoring 19 device, which verifies the offender's location. The offender shall serve a 20 minimum of 120 hours of confinement within the boundaries of the 21 offender's residence. Any exceptions to remaining within the boundaries of 22 the offender's residence provided for in the house arrest agreement shall 23 not be counted as part of the 120 hours;

24 (C) on a third conviction a class A, nonperson misdemeanor, except 25 as provided in subsection (b)(1)(D). The person convicted shall be 26 sentenced to not less than 90 days nor more than one year's imprisonment 27 and fined not less than \$1,750 nor more than \$2,500. The person convicted 28 shall not be eligible for release on probation, suspension or reduction of 29 sentence or parole until the person has served at least 90 days' 30 imprisonment. The 90 days' imprisonment mandated by this subsection 31 may be served in a work release program only after such person has served 32 48 consecutive hours' imprisonment, provided such work release program 33 requires such person to return to confinement at the end of each day in the 34 work release program. The person convicted, if placed into a work release 35 program, shall serve a minimum of 2,160 hours of confinement. Such 36 2,160 hours of confinement shall be a period of at least 48 consecutive 37 hours of imprisonment followed by confinement hours at the end of and 38 continuing to the beginning of the offender's work day. The court may 39 place the person convicted under a house arrest program pursuant to 40 K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 21-6609, and amendments thereto, to serve the 90 days' 41 imprisonment mandated by this subsection only after such person has 42 served 48 consecutive hours' imprisonment. The person convicted, if 43 placed under house arrest, shall be monitored by an electronic monitoring

device, which verifies the offender's location. The offender shall serve a
 minimum of 2,160 hours of confinement within the boundaries of the
 offender's residence. Any exceptions to remaining within the boundaries of
 the offender's residence provided for in the house arrest agreement shall
 not be counted as part of the 2,160 hours;

6 (D) on a third conviction a nonperson felony if the person has a prior 7 conviction which occurred within the preceding 10 years, not including 8 any period of incarceration. The person convicted shall be sentenced to not 9 less than 90 days nor more than one year's imprisonment and fined not less 10 than \$1,750 nor more than \$2,500. The person convicted shall not be eligible for release on probation, suspension or reduction of sentence or 11 12 parole until the person has served at least 90 days' imprisonment. The 90 13 days' imprisonment mandated by this subsection may be served in a work 14 release program only after such person has served 48 consecutive hours' 15 imprisonment, provided such work release program requires such person 16 to return to confinement at the end of each day in the work release program. The person convicted, if placed into a work release program, 17 18 shall serve a minimum of 2,160 hours of confinement. Such 2,160 hours of 19 confinement shall be a period of at least 48 consecutive hours of 20 imprisonment followed by confinement hours at the end of and continuing 21 to the beginning of the offender's work day. The court may place the 22 person convicted under a house arrest program pursuant to K.S.A. 2017 23 Supp. 21-6609, and amendments thereto, to serve the 90 days' 24 imprisonment mandated by this subsection only after such person has 25 served 48 consecutive hours' imprisonment. The person convicted, if 26 placed under house arrest, shall be monitored by an electronic monitoring 27 device, which verifies the offender's location. The offender shall serve a 28 minimum of 2,160 hours of confinement within the boundaries of the 29 offender's residence. Any exceptions to remaining within the boundaries of 30 the offender's residence provided for in the house arrest agreement shall 31 not be counted as part of the 2,160 hours; and

32 (E) on a fourth or subsequent conviction a nonperson felony. The 33 person convicted shall be sentenced to not less than 90 days nor more than 34 one year's imprisonment and fined \$2,500. The person convicted shall not be eligible for release on probation, suspension or reduction of sentence or 35 36 parole until the person has served at least 90 days' imprisonment. The 90 37 days' imprisonment mandated by this subsection may be served in a work 38 release program only after such person has served 72 consecutive hours' 39 imprisonment, provided such work release program requires such person 40 to return to confinement at the end of each day in the work release 41 program. The person convicted, if placed into a work release program, 42 shall serve a minimum of 2,160 hours of confinement. Such 2,160 hours of 43 confinement shall be a period of at least 72 consecutive hours of

1 imprisonment followed by confinement hours at the end of and continuing 2 to the beginning of the offender's work day. The court may place the person convicted under a house arrest program pursuant to K.S.A. 2017 3 4 Supp. 21-6609, and amendments thereto, to serve the 90 days' 5 imprisonment mandated by this subsection only after such person has 6 served 72 consecutive hours' imprisonment. The person convicted, if 7 placed under house arrest, shall be monitored by an electronic monitoring 8 device, which verifies the offender's location. The offender shall serve a minimum of 2,160 hours of confinement within the boundaries of the 9 10 offender's residence. Any exceptions to remaining within the boundaries of the offender's residence provided for in the house arrest agreement shall 11 12 not be counted as part of the 2,160 hours.

13 (2) The court may order that the term of imprisonment imposed 14 pursuant to subsection (b)(1)(D) or (b)(1)(E) be served in a staggered 15 manner as provided in this paragraph.

16 The 90 days' imprisonment mandated by subsection (b)(1)(D) or (A)(b)(1)(E) may be divided into three 30-day segments. The first 30-day 17 18 segment may be served in a work release program only after such person 19 has served 48 consecutive hours' imprisonment, provided such work 20 release program requires such person to return to confinement at the end 21 of each day in the work release program. The person convicted, if placed 22 into a work release program, shall serve a minimum of 672 hours of 23 confinement. Such 672 hours of confinement shall be a period of at least 48 consecutive hours of imprisonment followed by confinement hours at 24 25 the end of and continuing to the beginning of the offender's work day. The 26 court may place the person convicted under a house arrest program 27 pursuant to K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 21-6609, and amendments thereto, to serve 28 the first 30-day segment only after such person has served 48 consecutive 29 hours' imprisonment. The person convicted, if placed under house arrest, 30 shall be monitored by an electronic monitoring device that verifies the 31 offender's location. The offender shall serve a minimum of 672 hours of confinement within the boundaries of the offender's residence. Any 32 33 exceptions to remaining within the boundaries of the offender's residence provided for in the house arrest agreement shall not be counted as part of 34 35 the 672 hours.

36 (B) The court shall set a review hearing for such offender 90 to 120 37 days after the initial sentencing, and again at 180 to 240 days after the 38 initial sentencing. The offender shall participate in the multidisciplinary 39 model of services for substance use disorders required pursuant to subsection (b)(4) prior to each such hearing as ordered by the court. At 40 41 each such hearing, the court shall consider any alcohol-monitoring results and the recommendation of the multidisciplinary team, together with any 42 43 other factors deemed relevant by the court, in deciding whether to modify

1 the sentence by ordering a stay of the next following segment of 2 incarceration that the court had initially ordered to be executed.

3 (C) If the court stays a segment of incarceration that it has previously 4 ordered to be executed, that portion of the sentence must be added to the 5 total number of days the offender is subject to serving in custody, if the 6 person subsequently violates any of the conditions of that stay of 7 execution.

8 (D) The provisions of this paragraph shall not affect any other 9 sanction otherwise authorized by law for any violation of probation, 10 assignment to a community correctional services program, suspension of 11 sentence or nonprison sanction.

12 (2) (3) The court may order that the term of imprisonment imposed pursuant to subsection (b)(1)(D) or (b)(1)(E) be served in a state facility in 13 the custody of the secretary of corrections in a facility designated by the 14 secretary for the provision of substance abuse treatment pursuant to the 15 16 provisions of K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 21-6804, and amendments thereto. The 17 person shall remain imprisoned at the state facility only while participating 18 in the substance abuse treatment program designated by the secretary and 19 shall be returned to the custody of the sheriff for execution of the balance 20 of the term of imprisonment upon completion of or the person's discharge 21 from the substance abuse treatment program. Custody of the person shall 22 be returned to the sheriff for execution of the sentence imposed in the 23 event the secretary of corrections determines: (A) That substance abuse 24 treatment resources or the capacity of the facility designated by the 25 secretary for the incarceration and treatment of the person is not available; 26 (B) the person fails to meaningfully participate in the treatment program of 27 the designated facility; (C) the person is disruptive to the security or 28 operation of the designated facility; or (D) the medical or mental health 29 condition of the person renders the person unsuitable for confinement at 30 the designated facility. The determination by the secretary that the person 31 either is not to be admitted into the designated facility or is to be 32 transferred from the designated facility is not subject to review. The sheriff 33 shall be responsible for all transportation expenses to and from the state 34 correctional facility.

35 (3) (4) In addition, for any conviction pursuant to subsection (b)(1) 36 (C), (b)(1)(D) or (b)(1)(E), at the time of the filing of the judgment form or 37 journal entry as required by K.S.A. 22-3426 or K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 21-38 6711, and amendments thereto, the court shall cause a certified copy to be 39 sent to the officer having the offender in charge. The court shall determine 40 whether the offender, upon release from imprisonment, shall be supervised 41 by community correctional services or court services based upon the risk 42 and needs of the offender. The risk and needs of the offender shall be 43 determined by use of a risk assessment tool specified by the Kansas

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1 sentencing commission. The law enforcement agency maintaining custody 2 and control of a defendant for imprisonment shall cause a certified copy of 3 the judgment form or journal entry to be sent to the supervision office 4 designated by the court and upon expiration of the term of imprisonment 5 shall deliver the defendant to a location designated by the supervision 6 office designated by the court. After the term of imprisonment imposed by 7 the court, the person shall be placed on supervision to community 8 correctional services or court services, as determined by the court, for a 9 mandatory one-year period of supervision, which such period of 10 supervision shall not be reduced. During such supervision, the person shall be required to participate in a multidisciplinary model of services for 11 substance use disorders facilitated by a Kansas department for aging and 12 disability services designated care coordination agency to include 13 14 assessment and, if appropriate, referral to a community based substance 15 use disorder treatment including recovery management and mental health counseling as needed. The multidisciplinary team shall include the 16 17 designated care coordination agency, the supervision officer, the Kansas 18 department for aging and disability services designated treatment provider 19 and the offender. Any violation of the conditions of such supervision may 20 subject such person to revocation of supervision and imprisonment in jail 21 for the remainder of the period of imprisonment, the remainder of the 22 supervision period, or any combination or portion thereof.

 $\begin{array}{rcl} & (4) \ (5) & \text{In addition, prior to sentencing for any conviction pursuant to} \\ & \text{subsection (b)(1)(A) or (b)(1)(B), the court shall order the person to} \\ & \text{participate in an alcohol and drug evaluation conducted by a provider in} \\ & \text{accordance with K.S.A. 8-1008, and amendments thereto. The person shall} \\ & \text{be required to follow any recommendation made by the provider after such} \\ & \text{evaluation, unless otherwise ordered by the court.} \end{array}$

(c) Any person convicted of violating this section or an ordinance 29 30 which prohibits the acts that this section prohibits who had one or more 31 children under the age of 14 years in the vehicle at the time of the offense 32 shall have such person's punishment enhanced by one month of 33 imprisonment. This imprisonment must be served consecutively to any 34 other minimum mandatory penalty imposed for a violation of this section 35 or an ordinance which prohibits the acts that this section prohibits. Any 36 enhanced penalty imposed shall not exceed the maximum sentence 37 allowable by law. During the service of the enhanced penalty, the judge 38 may order the person on house arrest, work release or other conditional 39 release

(d) If a person is charged with a violation of this section involving
drugs, the fact that the person is or has been entitled to use the drug under
the laws of this state shall not constitute a defense against the charge.

43 (e) The court may establish the terms and time for payment of any

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fines, fees, assessments and costs imposed pursuant to this section. Any
 assessment and costs shall be required to be paid not later than 90 days
 after imposed, and any remainder of the fine shall be paid prior to the final
 release of the defendant by the court.

5 (f) In lieu of payment of a fine imposed pursuant to this section, the 6 court may order that the person perform community service specified by 7 the court. The person shall receive a credit on the fine imposed in an 8 amount equal to \$5 for each full hour spent by the person in the specified 9 community service. The community service ordered by the court shall be 10 required to be performed not later than one year after the fine is imposed or by an earlier date specified by the court. If by the required date the 11 person performs an insufficient amount of community service to reduce to 12 zero the portion of the fine required to be paid by the person, the 13 14 remaining balance of the fine shall become due on that date.

(g) Prior to filing a complaint alleging a violation of this section, aprosecutor shall request and shall receive from the:

17 (1) Division a record of all prior convictions obtained against such 18 person for any violations of any of the motor vehicle laws of this state; and

(2) Kansas bureau of investigation central repository all criminalhistory record information concerning such person.

(h) The court shall electronically report every conviction of a violation of this section and every diversion agreement entered into in lieu of further criminal proceedings on a complaint alleging a violation of this section to the division. Prior to sentencing under the provisions of this section, the court shall request and shall receive from the division a record of all prior convictions obtained against such person for any violations of any of the motor vehicle laws of this state.

(i) For the purpose of determining whether a conviction is a first,
 second, third, fourth or subsequent conviction in sentencing under this
 section:

31 (1) Convictions for a violation of this section, or a violation of an 32 ordinance of any city or resolution of any county which prohibits the acts 33 that this section prohibits, or entering into a diversion agreement in lieu of 34 further criminal proceedings on a complaint alleging any such violations, 35 shall be taken into account, but only convictions or diversions occurring 36 on or after July 1, 2001. Nothing in this provision shall be construed as 37 preventing any court from considering any convictions or diversions 38 occurring during the person's lifetime in determining the sentence to be 39 imposed within the limits provided for a first, second, third, fourth or 40 subsequent offense;

41 (2) any convictions for a violation of the following sections occurring
42 during a person's lifetime shall be taken into account: (A) Refusing to
43 submit to a test to determine the presence of alcohol or drugs, K.S.A. 2017

1 Supp. 8-1025, and amendments thereto; (B) driving a commercial motor 2 vehicle under the influence, K.S.A. 8-2,144, and amendments thereto; (C) 3 operating a vessel under the influence of alcohol or drugs, K.S.A. 32-1131, 4 and amendments thereto; (D) involuntary manslaughter while driving 5 under the influence of alcohol or drugs, K.S.A. 21-3442, prior to its repeal, 6 or subsection (a)(3) of K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 21-5405(a)(3), and amendments 7 thereto; (E) aggravated battery as described in subsection (b)(3) of K.S.A. 8 2017 Supp. 21-5413(b)(3), and amendments thereto; and (F) aggravated 9 vehicular homicide, K.S.A. 21-3405a, prior to its repeal, or vehicular 10 battery, K.S.A. 21-3405b, prior to its repeal, if the crime was committed while committing a violation of K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments thereto; 11

12 (3) "conviction" includes: (A) Entering into a diversion agreement in lieu of further criminal proceedings on a complaint alleging a violation of 13 a crime described in subsection (i)(2); (B) conviction of a violation of an 14 ordinance of a city in this state, a resolution of a county in this state or any 15 16 law of another state which would constitute a crime described in subsection (i)(1) or (i)(2); and (C) receiving punishment under the uniform 17 code of military justice or Kansas code of military justice for an act which 18 19 was committed on a military reservation and which would constitute a 20 crime described in subsection (i)(1) or (i)(2) if committed off a military 21 reservation in this state:

(4) multiple convictions of any crime described in subsection (i)(1) or
 (i)(2) arising from the same arrest shall only be counted as one conviction;

(5) it is irrelevant whether an offense occurred before or afterconviction for a previous offense; and

(6) a person may enter into a diversion agreement in lieu of further
criminal proceedings for a violation of this section, and amendments
thereto, or an ordinance which prohibits the acts of this section, and
amendments thereto, only once during the person's lifetime.

(j) Upon conviction of a person of a violation of this section or a
 violation of a city ordinance or county resolution prohibiting the acts
 prohibited by this section, the division, upon receiving a report of
 conviction, shall suspend, restrict or suspend and restrict the person's
 driving privileges as provided by K.S.A. 8-1014, and amendments thereto.

(k) (1) Nothing contained in this section shall be construed as preventing any city from enacting ordinances, or any county from adopting resolutions, declaring acts prohibited or made unlawful by this act as unlawful or prohibited in such city or county and prescribing penalties for violation thereof.

40 (2) The minimum penalty prescribed by any such ordinance or
41 resolution shall not be less than the minimum penalty prescribed by this
42 section for the same violation, and the maximum penalty in any such
43 ordinance or resolution shall not exceed the maximum penalty prescribed

1 for the same violation.

(3) On and after July 1, 2007, and retroactive for ordinance violations
committed on or after July 1, 2006, an ordinance may grant to a municipal
court jurisdiction over a violation of such ordinance which is concurrent
with the jurisdiction of the district court over a violation of this section,
notwithstanding that the elements of such ordinance violation are the same
as the elements of a violation of this section that would constitute, and be
punished as, a felony.

9 (4) Any such ordinance or resolution shall authorize the court to order 10 that the convicted person pay restitution to any victim who suffered loss 11 due to the violation for which the person was convicted.

(1) (1) Upon the filing of a complaint, citation or notice to appear
alleging a person has violated a city ordinance prohibiting the acts
prohibited by this section, and prior to conviction thereof, a city attorney
shall request and shall receive from the:

16 (A) Division a record of all prior convictions obtained against such 17 person for any violations of any of the motor vehicle laws of this state; and

(B) Kansas bureau of investigation central repository all criminalhistory record information concerning such person.

20 (2) If the elements of such ordinance violation are the same as the 21 elements of a violation of this section that would constitute, and be 22 punished as, a felony, the city attorney shall refer the violation to the 23 appropriate county or district attorney for prosecution.

24 (m) No plea bargaining agreement shall be entered into nor shall any 25 judge approve a plea bargaining agreement entered into for the purpose of permitting a person charged with a violation of this section, or a violation 26 27 of any ordinance of a city or resolution of any county in this state which 28 prohibits the acts prohibited by this section, to avoid the mandatory 29 penalties established by this section or by the ordinance. For the purpose 30 of this subsection, entering into a diversion agreement pursuant to K.S.A. 31 12-4413 et seq. or 22-2906 et seq., and amendments thereto, shall not 32 constitute plea bargaining.

(n) The alternatives set out in subsections (a)(1), (a)(2) and (a)(3)
may be pleaded in the alternative, and the state, city or county, but shall
not be required to, may elect one or two of the three prior to submission of
the case to the fact finder.

(o) As used in this section: (1) "Alcohol concentration" means the
number of grams of alcohol per 100 milliliters of blood or per 210 liters of
breath;

40 (2) "imprisonment" shall include any restrained environment in which
41 the court and law enforcement agency intend to retain custody and control
42 of a defendant and such environment has been approved by the board of
43 county commissioners or the governing body of a city; and

"drug" includes toxic vapors as such term is defined in K.S.A. 1 (3) 2 2017 Supp. 21-5712, and amendments thereto.

(p) (1) The amount of the increase in fines as specified in this section 3 shall be remitted by the clerk of the district court to the state treasurer in 4 accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments 5 6 thereto. Upon receipt of remittance of the increase provided in this act, the 7 state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury and the 8 state treasurer shall credit 50% to the community alcoholism and intoxication programs fund and 50% to the department of corrections 9 alcohol and drug abuse treatment fund, which is hereby created in the state 10 11 treasury.

12 (2) On and after July 1, 2011, the amount of \$250 from each fine imposed pursuant to this section shall be remitted by the clerk of the 13 district court to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of 14 K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such 15 16 remittance, the state treasurer shall credit the entire amount to the community corrections supervision fund established by K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 17 18 75-52,113, and amendments thereto.

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Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 8-1567 is hereby repealed.

20 Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its 21 publication in the statute book.